



## exactCUT 170/170E/220E Operating Instructions

# plumBOSS exactCUT

**THE FASTEST, EASIEST AND SAFEST WAY TO CUT PIPES**



Model	exactCUT 170 & 170E
Voltage	230/50 Hz
Power input	170:1010W, 170E:1200 W
Unloaded Speed	170: 4000, 170E:1600-3500 r/min
Blade Diameter	140 mm
Arbor Hole	62 mm
Weight	5,7 kg
Cutting Range	15 mm – 170 mm
Maximum thickness Steel	170, 6mm 170E, 8 mm
Plastic	14 mm

Model	exactCUT 220E
Voltage	230/50 Hz
Power input	1200 W
Unloaded Speed	1600 - 3500 r/min
Blade Diameter	140mm
Arbor Hole	62 mm
Weight	6.0 kg
Cutting Range	15 mm - 220 mm
Maximum thickness Steel	8 mm
Plastic	14 mm



## exactCUT 170/170E/220E Operating Instructions

### Exact PipeCut 170/170E/220E

#### Blade information for Exact PipeCut saws

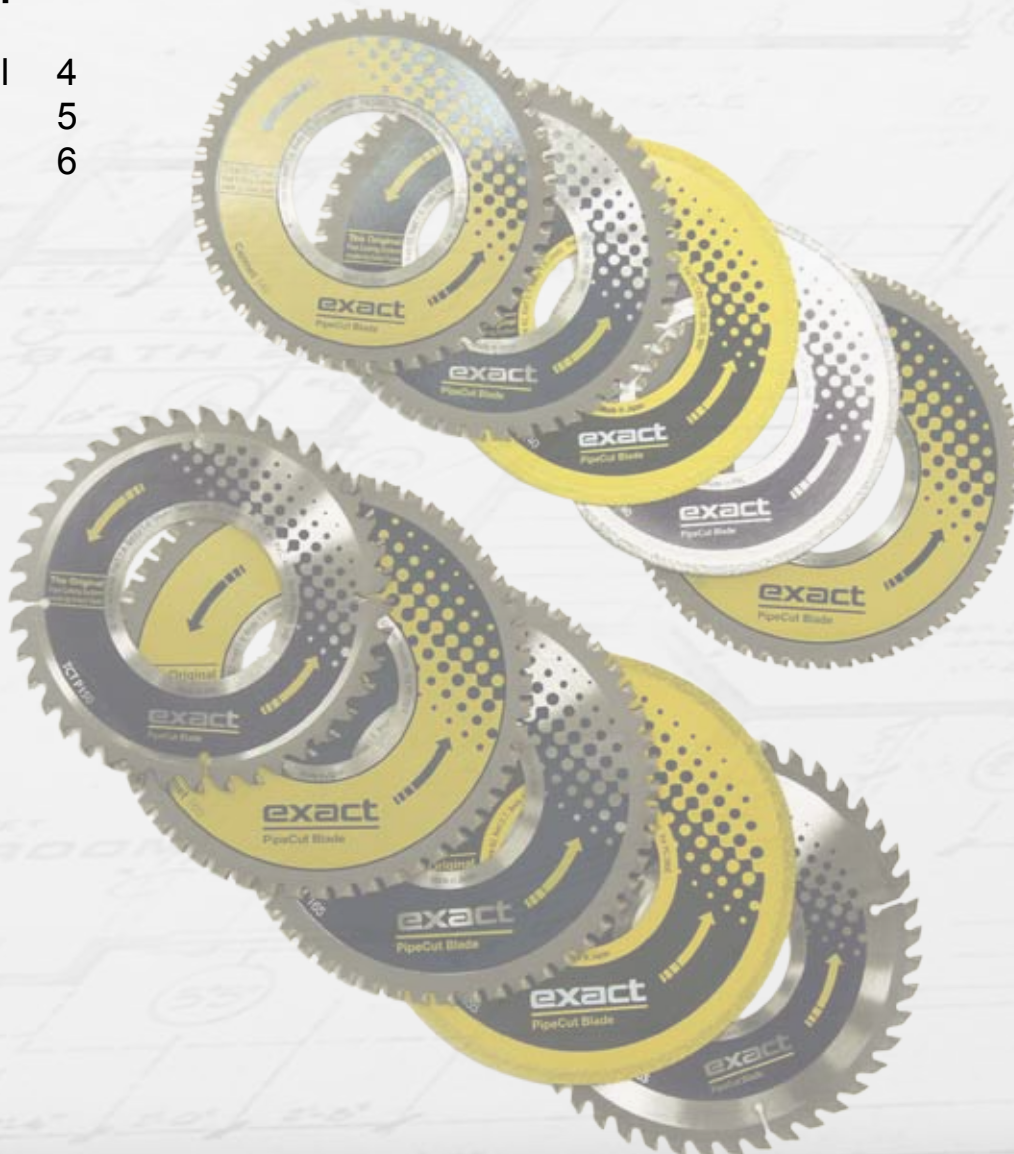
**TCT** (tungsten carbide tip) saw blades are for cutting steel, copper, aluminum and all kind of plastics. TCT blades can be sharpened.

**Cermet** (ceramic alloy tip) saw blades are for cutting stainless steel, acid proof materials, steel, copper, aluminium and all kind of plastics. Cermet blades can be sharpened.

**Diamond** blades are for cutting cast iron only. Diamond blades cannot be sharpened.

#### 170E/220E speed control recommendations:

Stainless steel	4
Steel	5
Cast-iron	6

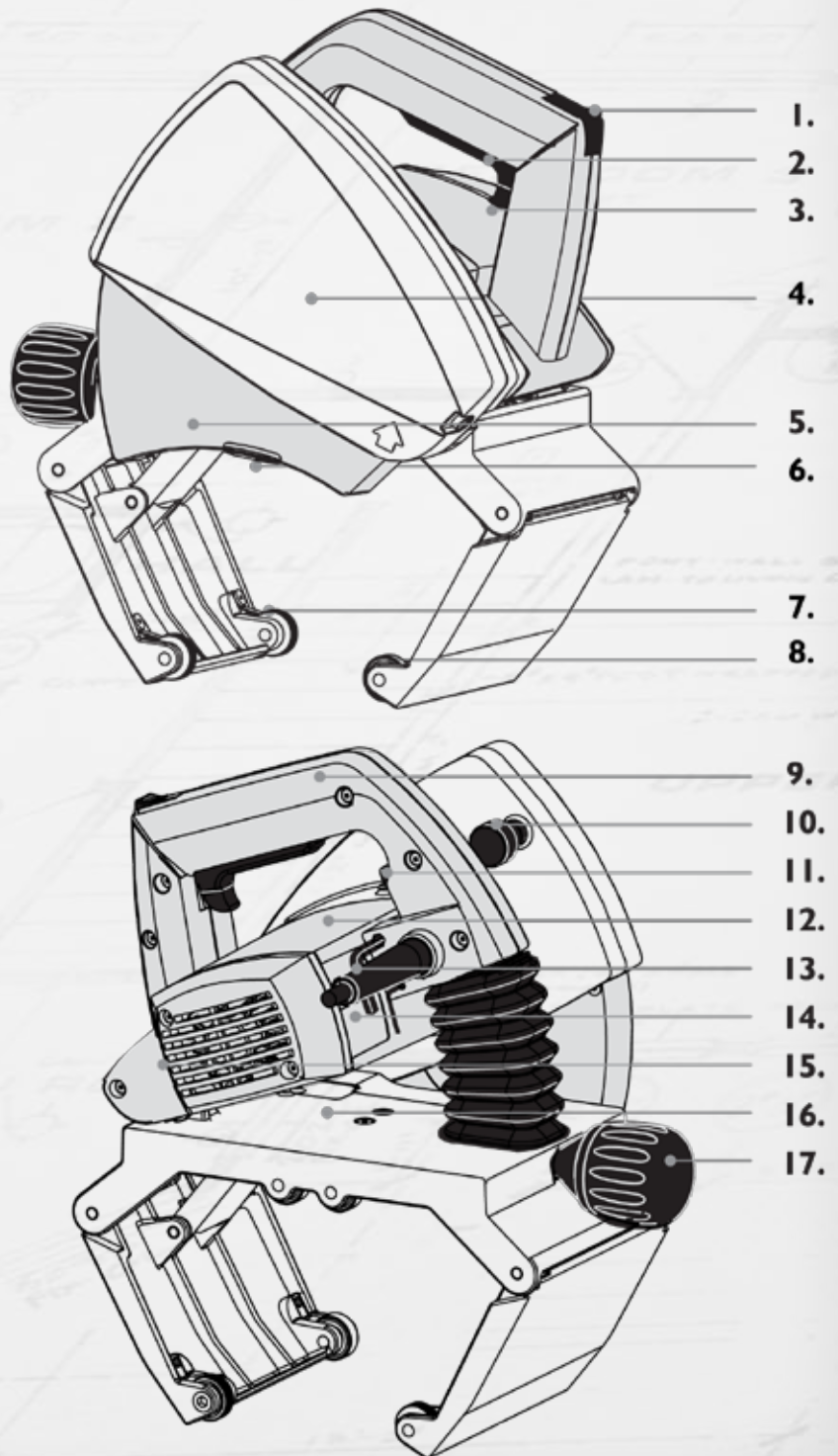




## exactCUT 170/170E/220E Operating Instructions

### Figure A

1. UNLOCK button
2. Power switch
3. Power-switch locking lever
4. Blade-guard cover
5. Moving blade-guard
6. Edge of moving blade-guard
7. Braking wheels
8. Adjusting wheel
9. Operating handle
10. Blade-guard screw
11. Spindle lock button
12. Motor unit
13. Blade key and (key for the adjusting wheel)
14. Rating plate
15. Overload protection or rpm regulator
16. Gripper unit
17. Gripper adjustment handle





## exactCUT 170/170E/220E Operating Instructions

### Declaration of Conformity

plumBOSS Australia declare under our sole responsibility that the pipe cutting machine, Exact PipeCut described under "Technical Data" are in conformity with the following standards or standardization

documents: EN60745-1, EN60745-2-5, EN55014-1, EN 55014-2, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3 according to the provisions of the directives 2004/108/EC, 2006/42/EC.

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## Definitions: Safety guidelines


The definitions below describe the level of severity for each signal word. Please read the manual and pay attention to these symbols.

 **DANGER:** Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

 **WARNING:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

 **CAUTION:** Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

 **NOTICE:** Indicates a practice not related to personal injury which, if not avoided, may result in property damage.

 **Denotes** risk of electric shock.



## exactCUT 170/170E/220E Operating Instructions

### Operating, safety, and servicing instructions

Please read this operating, safety, and servicing instructions carefully before using the pipe saw. Also store this instruction book somewhere accessible to everyone using the pipe saw. In addition to these instructions, always follow the official work, health and safety regulations. The Exact PipeCut is meant for professional use only.

### Technical data

Model	plumBOSS exactCUT 170	plumBOSS exactCUT 170E/220E
Voltage	230V-240 V / 50-60 Hz	230V-240 V / 50-60 Hz
Power	1010 W	1100 W
No-Load speed	4000 rpm	1600 - 3500 rpm
Intermittent operation	S3 25% 10min (2,5 min ON /7,5 min OFF)	S3 25% 10min (2,5 min ON /7,5 min OFF)
Blade diameter	140 mm	140 mm
Mounting bore	62 mm	62 mm
Weight	5.7 kg	170E - 5.7 kg / 220E - 6.0 kg
Range of use Ø	15 mm - 170 mm	170E - 15 mm - 170mm 220E - 15 mm - 220 mm
Max. pipe wall steel	6 mm	8 mm
Max. pipe wall plastics	14 mm	14 mm
Spindle lock	Yes	Yes
Speed preselection	No	No
Constant electronic control	No	No
Overload Protection	Yes	Yes
Reduced starting current	No	No
Vibration	0.35 m/s <sup>2</sup>	0.35 m/s <sup>2</sup>
LWA (sound power)	97 dB	105 dB
LpA (sound pressure)	86 dB	94 dB

The values given are valid for nominal voltages [U] of 230/240V. For lower voltage and models for specific countries, these values can vary.

Please observe the article number on the type plate of your machine. The trade names of the individual machines may vary. Only for power tools without reduced starting current: Starting cycles generate brief voltage drops. Interference with other equipment/machines may occur in case of unfavourable mains system conditions. Malfunctions are not to be expected for system impedances below 0.36 ohm.



## exactCUT 170/170E/220E Operating Instructions

### Information

#### Noise/Vibration Information

Measured values determined according to EN60745-1:2009 + A11:210 ja EN60745-2-3:210.

Wear hearing protection!

The vibration emission level given in this information sheet has been measured in accordance with a standardised test given in EN 60745 and may be used to compare one tool with another. It may be used for a preliminary assessment of exposure.

**WARNING:** The declared vibration emission level represents the main applications of the tool. However if the tool is used for different applications, with different accessories or poorly maintained, the vibration emission may differ. This may significantly increase the exposure level over the total working period.



An estimation of the level of exposure to vibration should also take into account the times when the tool is switched off or when it is running but not actually doing the job. This may significantly reduce the exposure level over the total working period.

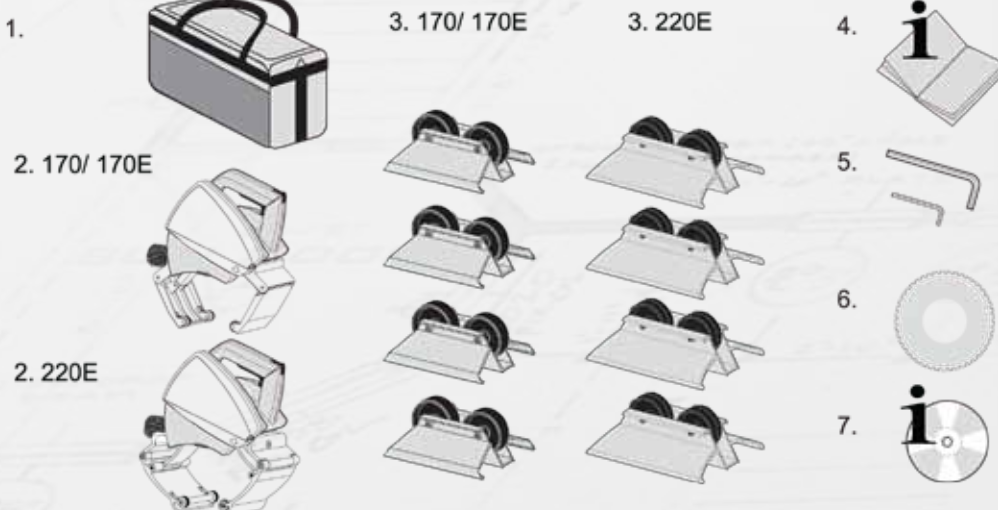
Identify additional safety measures to protect the operator from the effects of vibration such as: maintain the tool and the accessories, keep the hands warm, organisation of work patterns.

### Exact PipeCut 170/170E/220E pipe saw

#### Package contents:

Please check the package contains the following items :

1. Pipecutting System case
2. Exact PipeCut 170 or 170E or 220E pipe saw
3. Cutting supports 4x
4. Operating instructions
5. Hex socket key 5 mm and 2 mm fitted to the machine
6. TCT blade 140 x 62 fitted on the machine
7. DVD-video disc with instructions





# exactCUT 170/170E/220E Operating Instructions

## General power tool safety warnings



**WARNING:** Read all safety warnings and all instructions.

Failure to follow the warnings and instructions may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious injury

Save all warnings and instructions for future reference.

The term “power tool” in the warnings refers to your mains-operated (corded) power tool or batteryoperated (cordless) power tool.

### 1) Work area safety

- a. Keep work area clean and well lit. Cluttered or dark areas invite accidents.
- b. Do not operate power tools in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases or dust. Power tools create sparks which may ignite the dust or fumes.
- c. Keep children and bystanders away while operating a power tool. Distractions can cause you to lose control.

### 2) Electrical safety

- a. Power tool plugs must match the outlet. Never modify the plug in any way. Do not use any adapter plugs with earthed (grounded) power tools. Unmodified plugs and matching outlets will reduce risk of electric shock.
- b. Avoid body contact with earthed or grounded surfaces, such as pipes, radiators, ranges and refrigerators. There is an increased risk of electric shock if your body is earthed or grounded.
- c. Do not expose power tools to rain or wet conditions. Water entering a power tool will increase the risk of electric shock.
- d. Do not abuse the cord. Never use the cord for carrying, pulling or unplugging the power tool. Keep cord away from heat, oil, sharp edges and moving parts. Damaged or entangled cords increase the risk of electric shock.
- e. When operating a power tool outdoors, use an extension cord suitable for outdoor use. Use of a cord suitable for outdoor use reduces the risk of electric shock.
- f. If operating a power tool in a damp location is unavoidable, use a residual current device (RCD)

protected supply. Use of an RCD reduces the risk of electric shock.

### 3) Personal safety

- a. Stay alert, watch what you are doing and use common sense when operating a power tool. Do not use a power tool while you are tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication. A moment of inattention while operating power tools may result in serious personal injury.
- b. Use personal protective equipment. Always wear eye protection. Protective equipment such as dust mask, non-skid safety shoes, hard hat, or hearing protection used for appropriate conditions will reduce personal injuries.
- c. Prevent unintentional starting. Ensure the switch is in the off-position before connecting to power source, picking up or carrying the tool. Carrying power tools with your finger on the switch or energising power tools that have the switch on invites accidents.
- d. Remove any adjusting key or wrench before turning the power tool on. A wrench or a key left attached to a rotating part of the power tool may result in personal injury.
- e. Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times. This enables better control of the power tool in unexpected situations.
- f. Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewellery. Keep your hair, clothing and gloves away from moving parts. Loose clothes, jewellery or long hair can be caught in moving parts.
- g. If devices are provided for the connection of dust extraction and collection facilities, ensure these are connected and properly used. Use of dust collection can reduce dustrelated hazards.
- h. Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times. This enables better control of the power tool in unexpected situations.
- i. Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewellery. Keep your hair, clothing and gloves away from moving parts. Loose clothes, jewellery or long hair can be caught in moving parts.
- j. If devices are provided for the connection of dust extraction and collection facilities, ensure these are connected and properly used. Use of dust collection can reduce dustrelated hazards.





## exactCUT 170/170E/220E Operating Instructions

### General power tool safety warnings

#### 4) Power tool use and care

- a. Do not force the power tool. Use the correct power tool for your application. The correct power tool will do the job better and safer at a rate for which it was designed.
- b. Do not use the power tool if the switch does not turn it on and off. Any power tool that can not be controlled with the switch is dangerous and must be repaired
- c. Disconnect the plug from the power source from the the power tool before making any adjustments, changing accessories, or storing power tools. Such preventive measures reduce the risk of starting the power tool accidentally.
- d. Store idle power tools out of reach of children and do not allow persons unfamiliar with the power tool or these instructions to operate the power tool. Power tools are dangerous in the hands of untrained users.
- e. Maintain power tools. Check for missalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts and any other condition that may affect the power tools operation. If damaged have the power tool repaired before use. Many accidents are caused by poorly maintained power tools
- f. Keep cutting tools sharp and clean. Properly maintained cutting tools with sharp cutting edges are less likely to bind and are easier to control.
- g. Use the power tool accessories and tool bits etc, in accordance with these instructions, taking into account the working conditions and the work to be performed. Use of the power tool for operations different from thoes intended could result in a hazardous situation.
- c. Never hold the workpiece being cut in your hands or across your leg. Secure the workpiece to a stable platform. It is important to support the work properly to minimize body exposure, blade binding, or loss of control.
- d. Hold the power tool only by the insulated gripping surfaces when performing an operation where the cutting tool may contact hidden wiring or its own cord. Contact with a "live" wire will also make exposed metal parts of the power tool "live" and shock the operator.
- e. Always use blades with correct size and shape (diamond versus round) of arbour holes. Blades that do not match the mounting hardware of the saw will run eccentrically, causing loss of control.
- f. Never use damaged or incorrect blade washers or bolt. The blade washers and bolt were specially designed for your saw, for optimum performance and safety of operation.
- g. When blade is binding, or when interrupting a cut for any reason, release the trigger and hold the saw motionless in the material until the blade comes to a complete stop. Never attempt to remove the saw from the work or pull the saw backward while the blade is in motion. Investigate and take corrective actions to eliminate the cause of blade binding.
- h. When restarting a saw in the workpiece, centre the saw blade in the kerf and check that saw teeth are not engaged into the material. If saw blade is binding, it may walk up from the workpiece as the saw is restarted.
- i. Do not use dull or damaged blades. Unsharpened or improperly set blades produce narrow kerf causing excessive friction and blade binding.
- j. Use extra caution when making a "plunge cut" into existing walls or other blind areas. The protruding blade may cut objects that can cause kickback.
- k. Check lower guard for proper closing before each use. Do not operate the saw if lower guard does not move freely and close instantly. Never clamp or tie the lower guard into the open position. If saw is accidentally dropped, lower guard may be bent. Raise the lower guard with the retracting handle and make sure it moves freely and does not touch the blade or any other part, in all angles and depths of cut.

#### 5). Service

- a. Have your power tool serviced by a qualified repair person using only identical replacement parts. This will ensure that the safety of the power tool is maintained.

#### Safety warnings for circular saws

- a. **DANGER:** Keep hands away from cutting area and the blade. Keep your second hand on motor housing. If both hands are holding the saw, they cannot be cut by the blade.
- b. Do not reach underneath the workpiece. The guard cannot protect you from the blade below the workpiece.



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### Safety

- l. Check the operation of the lower guard. If the guard and the spring are not operating properly, they must be serviced before use. Lower guard may operate sluggishly due to damaged parts, gummy deposits, or a build-up of debris.
- m. Do not reach into the saw dust ejector with your hands. They could be injured by rotating parts.
- n. Do not work overhead with the saw. In this manner you do not have sufficient control over the power tool.
- o. Do not operate the power tool stationary. It is not designed for operation with a saw table.
- p. Do not use high speed steel (HSS) saw blades. Such saw blades can easily break.
- q. When working with the machine, always hold it firmly with both hands and provide for a secure stance. The power tool is guided more secure with both hands.
- r. Secure the workpiece. A workpiece supported by pipe holders is held more secure than by hand.
- s. Always wait until the machine has come to a complete stop before placing it down. The tool insert can jam and lead to loss of control over the power tool.
- t. Never use the machine with a damaged cable. Do not touch the damaged cable and pull the mains plug when the cable is damaged while working. Damaged cables increase the risk of an electric shock.

### Additional specific safety rules

*The pipe saw must never be used in the following cases, if:*

- There is water or another liquid, explosive gases or poisonous chemicals inside the pipe to be cut.
- The power switch is faulty.
- The power cable is faulty,
- The blade is bent.
- The blade is blunt or in poor condition.
- The plastic components are cracked or have parts missing.
- The gripper unit is not properly tightened around the pipe or if it is warped.
- The blade guard cover or moving blade guard has been damaged or removed from the machine.
- The locking mechanisms do not work properly (UNLOCK-button).
- The pipe saw has become wet.

### When using the pipe saw, the following factors must always be taken into consideration:

- Support tubes to minimise the risk of blade pinching.
- Ensure that the pipe to be cut is empty.
- Ensure that the blade is correctly installed.
- Ensure that the diameter and thickness of the blade are suitable for the pipe saw and that the blade is suitable for the rpm-range of the machine.
- Never use sideways force to stop the blade, always allow the blade to stop freely.
- Check the attachments of the blade guards.
- Never use excessive force when using the pipe saw.
- Never use the pipe saw to lift the pipe while it is still attached to the pipe.
- Avoid overloading the electric motor.
- Always follow the safety and operating instructions and current regulations. Functional Description Read all safety warnings and all instructions. Failure to follow the warnings and instructions may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious injury.

### Intended Use

The PipeCut 170/170E/220E pipe saw is intended for use as a pipe fitter's tool at the installation site. The PipeCut 170/170E/220E pipe saw can only be used to cut round pipes, with a diameter of 15-170 mm (0,6"-6") models 170 and 170E, 15-220 mm (0,6"-8,6") model 220E and a maximum wall thickness of 6 mm (0,23") (model 170) and 8 mm (0,31") (models 170E and 220E) with steel and other ferrous and non-ferrous materials and 0 55" (14 mm) with plastics. The PipeCut 170/170E/220E pipesaw can be used to cut all normal pipe materials, such as steel, stainless steel, cast iron, copper aluminium and plastic. PipeCut 170/170E/220E pipe saw is intended for short, intermittent use. The machine may be loaded for 2,5 minutes during a 1Q-minute period (83 25 %). PipeCut 170/170E/220E pipe saw is not intended for use in industrial production. Use pipe holders to support pipe.

### Product Features

While reading the operating instructions, unfold the graphics page for the machine and leave it open.

This page is folded under the cover of this manual (page 3). The following numbering of the product features refers to this illustration.



## exactCUT 170/170E/220E Operating Instructions

### Operation

#### exactCUT 170/170E/220E pipecutting system operating instructions

##### Before operating the tool

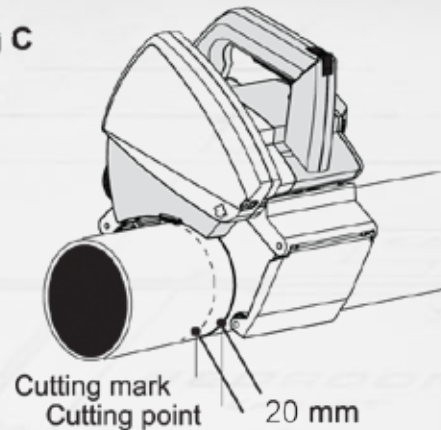
- Ensure that the motor unit is in the upright position. The yellow mark of the UNLOCK button is visible.
- Check that the blade is correctly fitted, in good condition and suitable for the material to be cut.
- Ensure the pipe saw guide wheels rotate.
- Ensure the support wheels rotate.
- Check the operation of the lower blade guard.
- Ensure the pipe is empty.

If plastic pipes have been cut with the pipe saw (resulting in long, statically charged slivers), open the blade guard cover, and clean carefully the lower blade guard and the entire pipe saw.

##### Connection to the mains power supply

Ensure that the mains voltage is the same as indicated on the rating plate (**Figure A/14**). Connect the pipe saw to the power outlet only after having checked this.

Fig C



##### Precise setting of the cutting point

When you mark the cutting point on the pipe to be cut, deduct 20 mm inch from the required dimension (Easy-to-remember rule: The cutting mark location requires a measurement of - 20 mm.) (Figure C)

##### Setting the pipe on supports

Use the system supports when cutting pipes. This will ensure safe working and optimum result. Work on flat surface. Place the pipe on two supports so that the cutting point is between the supports. Place two more support under both ends of the pipe. Check that all support wheel contact the pipe (adjust if required e.g. with pieces of lumber) (Figure B). When cutting short pipes (25 cm or less) place the supports so that the cutting point is outside supports (Figure D). Support the pipe with your left leg, if required. Proper arrangements will prevent the blade from jamming as the pipe is cut through.

Fig B

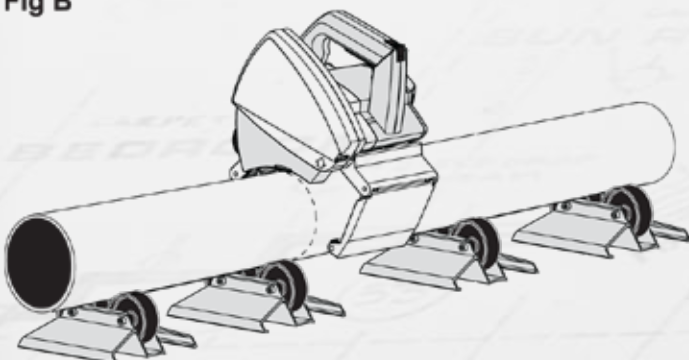
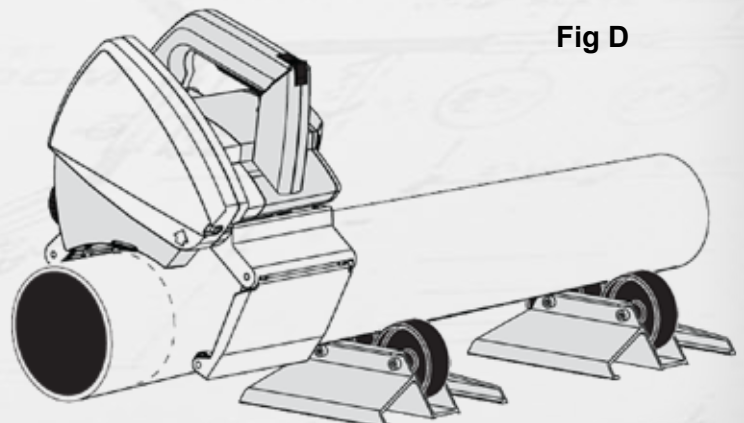


Fig D





## exactCUT 170/170E/220E Operating Instructions

### Operation

#### Attaching the pipe saw to the pipe

Open the pipe saw's gripper unit enough to suit the diameter of the pipe by rotating the adjustment handle located at the rear of the saw (Fig.E/1). Position the pipe saw on top of the pipe so that the edge of the lower blade guard is at the cutting mark. Fasten the pipe saw to the pipe by turning the gripper adjustment handle until the gripper grips firmly the pipe to be cut (Figure E/2). Hold the pipe in place and ensure that pipe saw moves freely in the direction the pipe is fed. For sake of safety ensure the pipe saw leads are to the left of the pipe saw. The pipe saw is now ready for cutting.

#### Piercing the pipe wall

Grip the gripper firmly with your right hand and place your left foot on top of the pipe approximately 40cm from the pipe saw. Turn the saw until it leans slightly forward (Figure H). When starting the motor, first of all release the power-switch locking lever (Fig F/1) and push the power switch all the way down (Fig F/2). Before starting to saw, wait until the blade reaches full speed. Pierce the pipe wall by pressing the pipe saw operating handle downwards slowly and evenly until the blade has cut through the pipe wall (at this stage the pipe must not rotate) and the motor unit is locked in the sawing position (Fig H/1). Look at the UNLOCK button during the piercing operation. When UNLOCK button is locked, i.e. the yellow mark disappears (Fig G), pipe saw is locked in the sawing position, and you can safely start sawing around the pipe.

#### Sawing around the pipe

Start sawing by feeding the pipe saw forward and fix the pipe with your left foot (Fig H/3). After that release the pipe (remove your left foot from the pipe) and turn the pipe saw backwards, whereby the pipe will also be rotated backwards (Fig J). Start a new feeding movement, and feed continuously forward cut 1/6 of the pipe's circumference. Repeat until the pipe is cut off (Fig K).

Select the feeding speed as per the material and the thickness of the wall. Too high speed can damage the blade, overload the pipe saw and give a poor sawing result.

Fig E

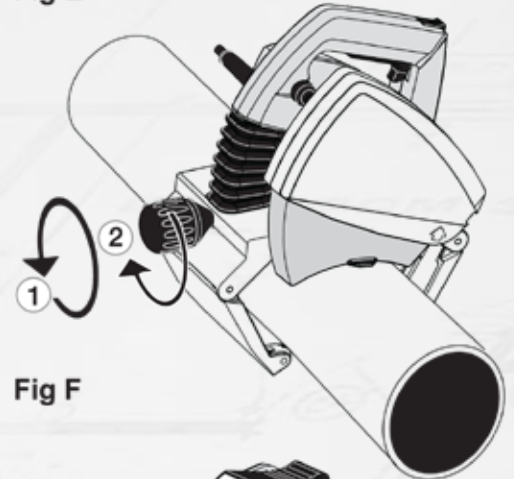


Fig F

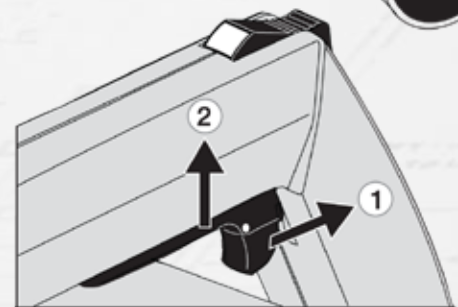


Fig G

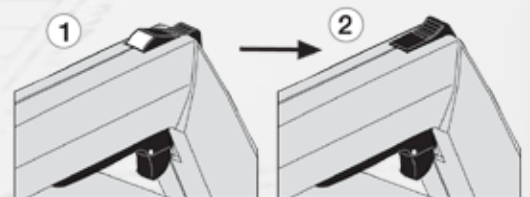
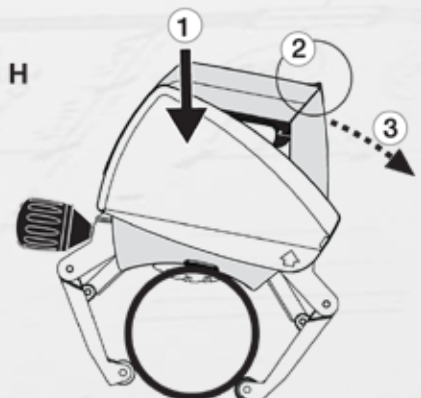


Fig H





# exactCUT 170/170E/220E Operating Instructions

## Operation

When the pipe is cut off, push the UNLOCK button forward until the yellow mark is visible and the locking is released (Fig U1). Now raise the motor unit to starting position (Fig U2). Release the power switch (Fig U3). When the blade is stationary, remove the pipe saw from the pipe by loosening the gripped handle (Fig U4). Ensure that the moving lower blade-guard is lowered into safety position.

Should there be problems during piercing or sawing, abnormal sounds or vibrations due to which you have to interrupt sawing before the pipe is cut through, release the blade by pushing the UNLOCK button forward until the UNLOCK button is released, and lift the motor unit up. Once the problem is cleared, start sawing again.

Never start the motor, when the motor unit is locked in sawing position or teeth of the blade contact the pipe to be sawn.

### Overload protection and spin-speed regulator

Model 170 is equipped with overload protection. When the blade is dull or the cutting speed is too high, the overload protection cuts power automatically. In case of overload: Release the power switch (Fig U3). Push the UNLOCK button forward until the yellow mark is visible and the locking is released (Fig U1). Now raise the motor unit to the starting position (Fig U2). Restore the power by pushing the overload protection switch (Fig A/15).

There is a spin-speed regulator in models 170E and 220E. A suitable spin speed is selected, determined by the material to be sawed. There is also an automatic overload protection in the regulator.

In the case of overload: Release the power switch (Fig U3). Push the UNLOCK button forward until the yellow mark is visible and the locking is released (Fig U1). The electronics circuit limits the current and stops the motor. When the motor stops due to the overload, the red light on the pipe cutter is turned on. The pipe cutter has to cool down while the electronics perceives the internal temperature. The motor will not start (even the red light turned off) until the switch is released and pressed once more time or plug disconnect and reconnect. The red light indicates to the user that the machine was overloaded.

The indicator light in question turns on for a moment every time the motor is started. This is normal and does not require any actions.

### Straightness of cut and adjusting wheel

The cut is affected by many factors, e.g. the size of the pipe, the material, the wall thickness, the quality of the pipe's surface, the roundness, welded seams, blade condition, feed rate, operator's experience.

Fig J

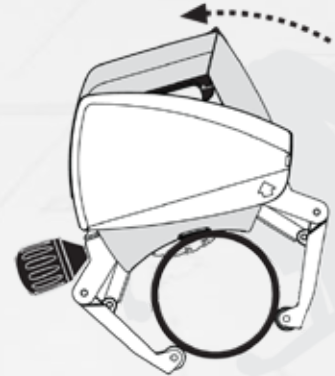


Fig K

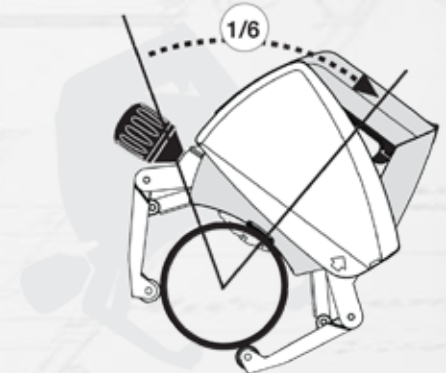


Fig L

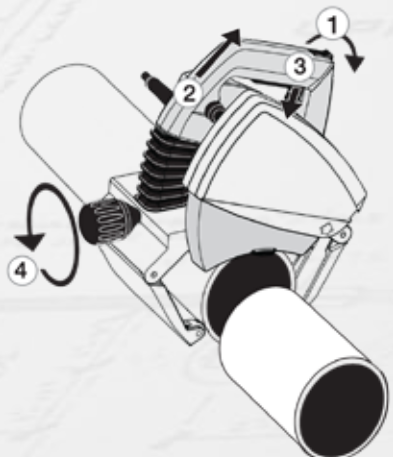


Fig M



Gap to left



Gap to right

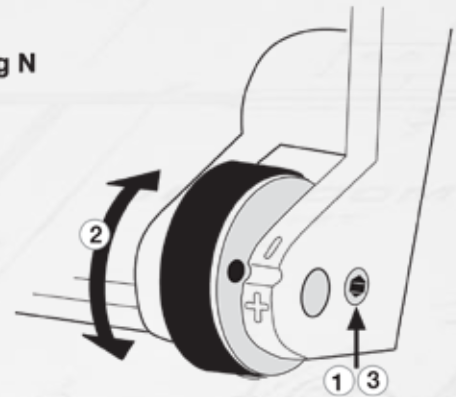


# exactCUT 170/170E/220E Operating Instructions


## Operation

For this reason the result may vary, and the cut may turn to the left or right (misalignment of the cut's starting and ending point) (Fig M). The pipe saw gripper has one adjustable wheel (Fig A/9) which is used for improving the quality of the cut and for reducing the misalignment. The adjustment applies only to the actual pipe size and material, and the wheel may have to be readjusted as the blade is worn. To adjust the wheel, loosen the locking screw (Fig N/1) and turn the wheel centre clockwise or counter clockwise to the desired position (Fig N/2), and lock the wheel again (Fig N/3). If the blade has wandered too much to the left, adjust wheel centre clockwise (-sign). If the misalignment is to the right, adjust counter clockwise (+ sign). The extent of the adjustment depends on the actual misalignment. Remember to lubricate the adjusting wheel at regular intervals.

Fig N



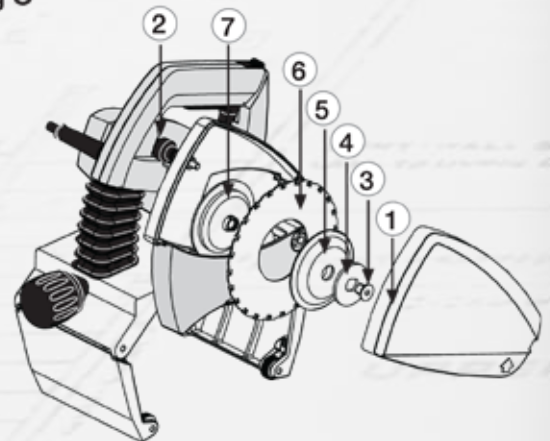
## Installing and changing the saw blade

 **WARNING:** To reduce the risk of injury, turn unit off and disconnect it from power source before installing and removing accessories, before adjusting or when making repairs. An accidental start-up can cause injury.

Remove the power plug from the socket. Check that the motor unit is locked in the upper position.

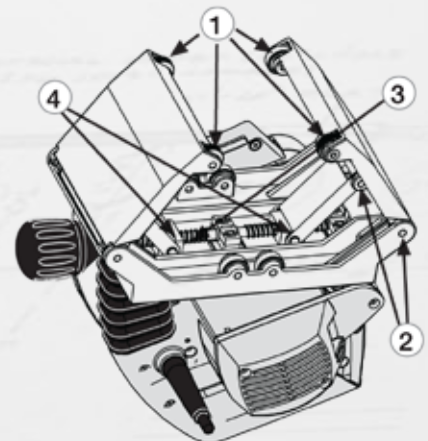
Remove the blade guard cover (Fig.0/1) by opening the two screws (Fig.0/2). Press the spindle-lock button (Fig.A/11) and simultaneously rotate the blade by hand until the spindle-lock button drops a further distance of about 0,2". Now the rotation of the blade is prevented. Use the blade key to open the blade attachment bolt. Remove the securing bolt (Fig.0/3), the washer (Fig.0/4), the blade flange disc (Fig.0/5), and the blade (Fig.0/6).

Fig O



Before installing a new blade, check that both blade flange discs are clean. Place a new or sharpened blade on the back flange disc (Fig.0/7), so that the marked side of the blade is facing outwards and the arrows on the blade are facing in the same direction as the rotation direction markings on the inside of the blade case. Ensure that the new blade goes right to the bottom in the back flange disc. Put the blade flange disc, the washer, and the securing bolt back in place. Press the spindle lock button and tighten the blade securing bolt. Put the blade guard cover back in place and tighten the bolts.

Fig P





## exactCUT 170/170E/220E Operating Instructions

### Maintenance, Environment, Guarantee

Remove the power plug from the socket before servicing or cleaning the pipe saw. All maintenance operations carried out on the pipe saw's electrical components must be carried out at an approved service agency.

#### Blade

Check the condition of the blade. Replace a bent, blunt, or otherwise damaged blade with a new one. Using a blunt blade can overload the pipe saw's electric motor. When you notice that the blade is blunt, do not continue sawing with it, as the blade may become so badly damaged that it will not be worth sharpening. A blade in sufficiently good condition can be sharpened a few times by a professional sharpening company.

#### Blade guard

When you have sawn plastic pipes and then intend to start sawing metal pipes always clean the inside of the blade guards. Hot particles derived from sawing metal will burn plastic particles, which may release toxic smoke. Make it a rule to clean the blade guard regularly, and pay special attention to keep the moving blade guard movement from becoming hampered. Lubricate the axis of the moving blade guard regularly.

#### Motor

Keep the motors cooling vents clean.

#### Plastic parts

Clean the plastic parts with a soft rag. Only use mild detergents. Do not use solvents or other strong detergents as they may damage the plastic parts and paint surfaces.



**Power cable** Check the condition of the power cable regularly. A faulty power cable should always be replaced at an approved service agency. Correct use and regular servicing and cleaning will ensure the continued operation of the pipe saw.

#### Environment



Separate collection. This product must not be disposed of with normal household waste. When your Exact PipeCut machine is worn out, do not dispose of it with normal household waste. This product must be recycled separately. Separate recycling of used products and packaging facilitate recycling and recovery of materials. Reusing of recycled materials helps prevent pollution of environment. According to local regulations it is possible to deliver household appliances to municipal rubbish depositories or to the dealer when buying a new product.

#### Guarantee

If the Exact PipeCut pipe saw becomes unusable due to material or manufacturing faults within 24 months of the date of purchase, we will replace the damaged parts with new ones or supply an entirely new or factory reconditioned pipe saw to replace the damaged one.

#### The guarantee is only valid if:

The guarantee card or a dated purchase receipt is returned to the manufacturer or retailer. The pipe saw has not been misused. No attempt has been made by non-approved persons to repair the saw. The pipe saw has been used in accordance with these operating, safety, and servicing instructions. The guarantee does not apply to blades or the overload protection. Due to continuous product development, the information in this instruction book may change. We do not give separate notification of changes.



## exactCUT 170/170E/220E Operating Instructions

### Tips

Diamond blade should only be used for cutting cast iron pipe. It is not recommended to cut cast iron with TCT or Cermet blades.

Clean the inside of the blade guards after cutting plastic pipe.

Smaller pipe is easily cut by rotating the pipe by hand either on a table or on the floor. Please note: rotate pipe towards you when rotating by hand and be careful not to rotate too fast.

Check the condition of the blade regularly.

The cutting procedure is divided into two stages; first saw through the pipe wall, then complete the cut by sawing around it.

Do not overload the saw by cutting continuously. The saw will be overheated and the metal parts can become burning hot. This will also damage the motor and the blade. The rule is 2.5 minutes in use and 7.5 minutes rest.

Keep the feeding speed constant. This will extend the lifetime of the blade. For example cutting time for a steel pipe diameter of 6" (170mm), and a wall thickness of 1/5" (5mm), is 15-20 seconds, and for a cast-iron pipe diameter of 4" (110mm), with a wall thickness of 1/6" (4mm) is 20 to 25 seconds.

Always keep the motor unit in the upright position. The yellow mark of the unlock button is then visible.

Never place the Pipe Cut Saw on the pipe in the locked / cutting position.

#### Factors that affect the lifetime of the saw blade:

- material of the pipe
- correct blade type for material being cut
- correct motor speed setting
- wall thickness of the pipe
- feeding speed
- smoothness of the pipe
- user's general skills
- cleanness of the pipe
- rust on the pipe
- welded seam in the pipe
- blade speed

#### Factors that affect the straightness of the cut:

- condition of the saw blade
- wall thickness of the pipe
- feeding speed
- smoothness of the feed
- user's general skills
- cleanness of the pipe
- roundness of the pipe
- gripper unit too loose or too tight
- blade assembled too tight

Please see more information at our website

[www.plumboss.com.au](http://www.plumboss.com.au)